

Rural¹ Residence of Persons 60+, by Planning and Service Area² (PSA): 1990

Maryland, Civilian Noninstitutionalized Persons

(Data based on a sample)

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PSA	TOTAL ELDERLY	RURAL ELDERLY	PERCENT RURAL ELDERLY
TOTAL	710,517	136,788	19.3
1	5,132	5,132	100.0
2	18,479	5,221	28.3
3	22,602	7,440	32.9
4	19,247	8,180	42.5
5	16,970	11,503	67.8
6	131,978	9,607	7.3
7	132,215	0	0
8	21,987	7,877	35.8
9	107,114	3,669	3.4
10	16,598	3,389	20.4
11	53,628	5,896	11.0
12	72,820	1,969	2.7
13	6,286	5,468	87.0
14	9,436	4,987	52.9
15	8,822	7,374	83.6
16	17,259	13,155	76.2
17	6,088	6,088	100.0
18	33,393	21,131	63.3
19	10,463	8,702	83.2

¹ Rural is defined as those areas not classified as urban. Urban consists of territories, persons, and housing units in: (i) places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs, and towns, but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities"; (ii) census designated places of 2,500 or more persons; or (iii) other territories, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

² The Older Americans Act of 1965 as amended instructs the State Agency on Aging in each State to subdivide the State into planning and service areas (PSAs) and to designate a public or private nonprofit agency as the area agency on aging for the PSA. Most PSAs in multi-PSA States comprise single counties or groups of counties and range in size from 1 to 28 counties.

Source of data: U.S. Bureau of the Census, 1990 Census of Population and Housing, Special Tabulation on Aging, STP 14, Table P4. See technical documentation for more detailed definitions.

Table compiled by the National Aging Information Center